Food	
Fertigkeit: Hörverstehen	**Niveau B1** Ich kann längere Texte und Gespräche aus bekannten Themengebieten verstehen, wenn klar und deutlich gesprochen wird..

Deskriptor:
Ich kann den Hauptaussagen in längeren Alltagsgesprächen folgen.

Beschreibung:
Die Schülerinnen und Schüler sehen sich zunächst die Aufgaben an; dann hören sie die Texte von der CD zweimal an; danach kreuzen sie auf dem Arbeitsbogen die entsprechenden *statements* bzw. Bilder an.

Organisationsform:
Einzelarbeit

Zeitaufwand:
ca. 10 Minuten

Erfüllungsgrad:
Die Aufgabe gilt als erfüllt, wenn 9 von 15 Punkten richtig angekreuzt wurden.

Spiegelbild-Aufgabe:
Sprechen: Die Schülerinnen und Schüler erzählen ihren Partnern, welche Gerichte aus fremden Ländern sie kennen, welche sie gerne essen etc.

Material / Medien:
Hörtext(e) auf CD
Arbeitsblatt
Lösungsblatt

Transkript

1. I really got a taste for it when I was visiting the country. Indian food relies on spices and strong flavours. There's a lot of garlic and ingredients like turmeric, cumin and curry powder. They use a lot of vegetables, like spinach and potatoes, and the meat is usually lamb or chicken. It can be quite hot and spicy, but with the climate they have over there that's an advantage because it helps to cool you down. It's become very big in Britain, and I heard that it's even more popular these days than fish and chips. (0:37 min)

2. I've always loved pasta. For me, Italian food is all about the idea of a family. You know, the image from films of a large family around a table with a big pot of spaghetti in the middle. I love the combination of tomatoes, basil and Parmesan cheese. I don't think we do it justice outside Italy. If they could see the pizza that we eat... well, let's just say that the best pizzas I've ever tasted are from the little restaurants in the centre of Rome. (0:37 min)

3. I spent about three years living in Beijing and that's where I learnt a lot about Chinese food. You'd be surprised at some of the strange ideas going around about Chinese cookery. Some people seem to think it's just dogs and snakes, but it's not like that at all. In fact, there are many different traditions that make up Chinese cuisine. Most of them are based around the idea of small pieces of meat and vegetables fried quickly and then eaten with rice or noodles. It's actually a very healthy diet. (0:33 min)

4. I don't think that we really deserve our reputation for not being able to cook properly. English food isn't all fish and chips, you know. There are other dishes that people around the world don't seem to know quite so well, like Lancashire hotpot. It's a kind of stew of potatoes and lamb, and it's really tasty. I think all countries have their own traditions, and you can always find something worth cooking if you look closely enough. (0:23 min)

5. I love Mexican food! People there often make their own tortillas, and it's really quite easy once you've got your flour. You take it when it's wet, and you shape it into flat cakes which are round and thin. They're eaten as bread with rice, tomatoes, garlic and chillies. You can quite easily find them these days, although the Mexicans themselves think the shop-bought ones are a bit dry. One of my favourites is a tortilla wrapped around spicy chicken and fried onions and chilli sauce. You can't beat it! (0:34 min)

Source:
http://www.onestopenglish.com/tefl_skills/listening.htm
Onestop Teaching Listening Skills: Activity 9: Food around the world

Task I:

- You will hear five people talking about food.
- When you listen to the recording for the first time, decide what countries the food comes from the five speakers talk about.
- On the worksheet, cross on the correct country for each speaker.

	Speaker 1	Speaker 2	Speaker 3	Speaker 4	Speaker 5

Task II:

- Look at the questions for this part. For each question, four possible answers are given.
- Listen to the speakers again and put ticks (✓) in the correct boxes.
- Watch out! More than one box may be correct.

Speaker 1:

1. Why is it an advantage to have hot and spicy food in the country the food comes from?

Because it helps you:

A	☐	to get an appetite.
B	☐	to warm up inside.
C	☐	to cool down.
D	☐	to digest better.

2. What meat is used most often in the dishes of that country?

A	☐	pork
B	☐	beef
C	☐	lamb
D	☐	chicken

Speaker 2:

3. He loves above all the combination of the following ingredients:

A	☐	potatoes, tomatoes and cheese
B	☐	cheese, parsley and tomatoes
C	☐	tomatoes, cheese and garlic
D	☐	tomatoes, basil and cheese

4. He says that he has eaten the best food from this country in the following cities:

A	☐	Rome
B	☐	Paris
C	☐	Naples
D	☐	Madrid

Speaker 3:

5. What strange ideas do some people have about the food from this country?

A	☐	Many people there eat cats and dogs.
B	☐	Many people there eat snakes and frogs.
C	☐	Many people there eat dogs and snakes.
D	☐	Many people there eat dogs and frogs.

6. Which of the following dishes usually go with the food of that country?

A	☐	potatoes
B	☐	rice
C	☐	bread
D	☐	noodles

Speaker 4:

7. What kind of reputation do the people of his country have for cooking?

A	☐	They cannot cook properly.
B	☐	They only eat lamb and vegetables.
C	☐	They only eat stew.
D	☐	They never eat fish.

8. Which dish from this country is well known?

A	☐	Bouillabaisse
B	☐	fish and chips
C	☐	Yorkshire stew
D	☐	lamb cutlets

Speaker 5:

9. Why do the people from that country prefer making their own tortillas?

They think that

A	☐	tortillas bought in shops are often a bit too spicy.
B	☐	tortillas bought in shops are too small.
C	☐	tortillas bought in shops are often too expensive.
D	☐	tortillas bought in shops are too dry.

10. What is the speaker's favourite tortilla?

A	☐	with chicken, onions and chilli sauce
B	☐	with chicken, rice and onion sauce
C	☐	with pork, onions and chilly sauce
D	☐	with pork, rice and spicy sauce

Lösungsblatt   Solutions

Task I: Task II:

Speaker 1	India
Speaker 2	Italy
Speaker 3	China
Speaker 4	England
Speaker 5	Mexico

1	C
2	C + D
3	D
4	A
5	C

6	B +D
7	A
8	B
9	D
10	A